



Mob Hunts Governor Who Spared Frank's Life, Storming Troops on Guard

Soldiers Drive Back Atlanta
Crowd With Fixed
Bayonets.

UGLY SPIRIT MAY
LEAD TO BLOODSHED

Georgia Executive Hanged
in Effigy in Many Parts
of State.

BLAMES CONLEY IN
REVIEW OF EVIDENCE

Can Stand Abuse but Not
Accusing Conscience,
His Plea.

ATLANTA, June 21.—The action of Gov. Slaton in commuting the sentence imposed on Leo M. Frank for the murder of Mary Phagan has stirred Atlanta and Georgia to a white heat. A crowd of 10,000 persons formed in the center of Atlanta to-night and after listening to speeches and denunciations of Gov. Slaton began a march to the Governor's country home, about six miles out.

Cries of "We want John M. Slaton, Georgia's traitor Governor!" were sounded constantly by the marchers. The entire Fifth Regiment, Georgia National Guard, was ordered out because of the demonstration by the mob against Gov. Slaton's country home. One battalion went to the Governor's home. This battalion at once fixed bayonets, deployed and advanced on the gathering crowd.

The mob at once scattered in every direction. The militia officers shouted to the crowd that five minutes would be allowed for it to scatter and leave. As soon as this order was heard and the soldiers advanced there was a rush to get away by the men who had been hounding Gov. Slaton.



Gov. John M. Slaton.
Georgia Executive who saved Leo
M. Frank from death.

MAY PICK LANSING THIS WEEK.

Wilson Expected to Name Bryan's
Successor.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—There is good reason to believe that before the end of the week President Wilson will announce the appointment of Robert Lansing of New York as Secretary of State. Mr. Lansing has been serving as Secretary ad interim since the resignation of William J. Bryan about ten days ago.

While a denial was made to-day that the President had finally decided to choose Mr. Lansing as the Premier of his Cabinet, it is understood that the selection has been made. Unless there is a change of programme announcement of the appointment probably will be made this week.

Mr. Lansing had a conference with the President to-day. He started to-night for Hamilton, N. Y., to attend the commencement exercises of Colgate College.

DALLAS WELFORD ARRESTED.

Held for Shouting Threats in
Front of J. K. Hackett's Home.

Dallas Welford, an English actor who starred in this country seven years ago in "Mr. Hopkinson" under the management of James K. Hackett, and now living at 144 West Seventy-second street, was arrested early this morning charged with shouting threats before the home of Mr. Hackett at 58 West Seventy-second street. August B. Shulen, Mr. Hackett's caretaker, made the complaint.

Mr. Hackett was entertaining friends last night when Welford and another man stood before his house. Welford, according to Shulen, screamed abuse at Mr. Hackett and demanded that he pay him \$50,000. He said Mr. Hackett owed him, Mullen, Matthew Hackett and John Jay Smith, employees of Mr. Hackett, seized Welford and held him until the arrival of Patrolman Henry.

In the West Sixty-seventh street station Welford insisted that Mr. Hackett owed him \$50,000, and "he'd get it too." Mr. Hackett telephoned the station that he was being held and pressed to-day in the West Side court.

RADIOS COMING FROM PANAMA.

Arlington Station in Touch Day
and Night With New Large Plant.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—It was announced at the Navy Department to-day that radio communication is now going on at all hours between the Arlington station, near Washington, and the new station at Darien, Panama Canal Zone. The Darien station, one of the largest in the world, is one of a chain with which the navy will eventually cover almost a quarter of the globe.

There are three 600 foot towers of steel frame work at the Darien station, which marks a new departure in radio installation because the apparatus used is of the arc type, or continuous oscillation. European nations still use the old style spark type.

SULTAN OF TURKEY ILL.

German Physician at Bedside. Says
Message From Berlin.

BERLIN, via London, June 21.—The Tagblatt says that the Sultan Mehmed is ill at Yildiz Kiosk and that Prof. Hans Adolf Israel, well known German physician, is at his bedside. The character of the Turkish ruler's ailment is not disclosed.

UNCLE SAM PROMOTES 12,000.

Order Effective July 1 Advances
Clerks and City Carriers.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Twelve thousand clerks and city carriers in first and second class post offices throughout the country will get promotions on July 1, in accordance with an order issued by the Post Assistant Postmaster-General to-day.

BEECHER BODY REMOVAL OPPOSED

Plymouth Church Members
Try to Block Plans of Me-
morial Association.

APPEAL TO RELATIVES

One Son Has Consented to
Scheme, but Two Others
Haven't Been Asked.

Sentimental but serious opposition to the plans of the Henry Ward Beecher Memorial Association to remove the great preacher's body from an obscure plot in Green-Wood Cemetery to a crypt in the corridor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, which he founded, threatens to start another dispute among the members of the congregation. This opposition, which it is said, is now largely an unconscious feeling, may also prevent the disinterment, though members of the memorial committee yesterday discounted or denied its existence.

The plan to place the body in a sarcophagus in or near the church building was proposed at least twelve years ago in a sermon by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, and in a resolution adopted at that time by a meeting of leading members of the church. As far as can be learned, however, it was not opposed until recently, when a committee was appointed by the directors of the memorial association to get estimates on the crypt and to arrange the details of removal.

The memorial association, the directors of which were named years ago, has obtained the consent of Henry Ward Beecher's executor, his son, Col. William C. Beecher, a member of Plymouth Church, who lives at 123 Columbia Heights. He and his wife, in fact, have supported the memorial association and Dr. Hillis in the proposal. On the other hand, certain other members of the congregation and former parishioners, who have been called at times the "old guard," do not want Beecher's body removed.

The objection to the disinterment is purely sentimental, but the members of Plymouth who feel that such a scheme would be an offense to the dead intend to act firmly as soon as definite steps are taken by Dr. Hillis and the memorial association. One of their means, it is understood, will be to write to Mr. Beecher's other sons, Henry and Herbert, in Seattle, Wash., and get them to voice their feelings against the removal.

Beecher's Wishes Quoted.

The opponents of the memorial association, both present and former members of Plymouth congregation, include a few close personal friends of the late preacher. They assert that it was Henry Ward Beecher's wish, often expressed in his private conversations, that his body be buried in the cemetery. One of those friends of Mr. Beecher said yesterday that she knew him to quote Shakespeare into expressing his wish and that some of the church members who entered her views had gone to Dr. Hillis privately to obtain his intercession with the memorial association.

Dr. Hillis himself has gone west for his summer vacation and will not again appear in the pulpit at Plymouth until a second week in September. Mr. Hillis also is out of the city, as are many of the directors of the memorial association. The principal member, Col. William C. Beecher, a son of the late preacher and a lawyer as at Buck Hill Falls, Pa., for the summer, so they said of the controversy was unavailable.

Quarters at Plymouth church yesterday were referred to Gen. Horatio W. King, clerk of the church and secretary of the Henry Ward Beecher Memorial Association. Gen. King stated emphatically that he had heard of no objection or opposition to the removal plan on the part of any present or former members of the church. He said he did not think Mr. Beecher had ever expressed a wish about the disposal of his body.

One Son Approves Plan.

"Somebody is always trying to start a row in Plymouth church, you know," he said, "but usually there is nothing to the talk. The congregation of Plymouth is in favor of the plan, and we have obtained the consent of Col. William C. Beecher, his father's executor. We would have the body placed in the crypt this summer, but for the difficulty in getting the committee together now."

Gen. King admitted that Mr. Beecher's sons in Seattle had not been asked for their approval, but he said that the memorial association's scheme says that these two sons and other relatives of the great preacher do not want the body to be disinterred.

Henry Ward Beecher is buried with his wife in an obscure plot in Green-Wood, the location being a mile and a half from the church and half a mile from another. When Dr. Hillis first proposed the disinterment, in 1903, it was suggested that the Beecher memorial crypt be built in a proposed Beecher Park.

Since then, however, Plymouth Church has acquired the property adjoining it, part of which is taken up by the John Arbuckle memorial, leaving a small Beecher Park between the memorial building and the church. At the rear of this park, facing Orange street, is a statue of Henry Ward Beecher and a bas-relief of Abraham Lincoln. Both look out over the city.

It is in this corridor that the sarcophagus will be built. If the present plan is carried out, a design for the crypt had already been submitted by Woodruff Leeming, the architect who designed the Arbuckle memorial. It is estimated that the crypt will cost up to \$2,000 and will take almost two months to build.

BULLET PREVENTS WEDDING.

Bridegroom-to-be Aims at Target,
but Hits His Fiancee.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 21.—Joseph M. Middlefield, Conn., was to be married this evening to Annie Propost and the wedding guests were assembled on the lawn of the home of the bride's parents, in Middlefield, this afternoon, when Joseph tried to show his skill at target practice with a revolver found in the house.

He playfully pointed the gun at his fiancée and accidentally pulled the trigger, the bullet lodging in the girl's abdomen. She was rushed to the Middlesex Hospital in Middletown. The surgeons say she will probably die.

RUSSIA TO ABANDON LEMBERG TO FOES

Will Evacuate City to Keep
Her Armies Intact, Is
Belief.

RAWA-RUSKA OCCUPIED

Germans Bombard Zolkiew
and, With Austrians, En-
circle Capital.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, June 22 (Tuesday).—It is believed here to be a foregone conclusion that Lemberg will fall to the advancing German armies within a few hours. One army from the northwest is descending by way of Zolkiew; another, under the eye of the Kaiser, is plunging straight through from Grodek and is now fighting for the last range of hills which protects the city from the big guns of Germans, and still a third army is going north from the Dniester.

With the Teutons reinforced by great masses of troops from East Prussia and from the western front, according to the belief of Petrograd, it is impossible for the Russians to make a stand. The hope of military observers in London is now not that Lemberg is held but that the Grand Duke will be able to withdraw his armies intact even to the Russian frontier.

The late despatches from Petrograd this morning are authority for the statement that the Germans have been heavily reinforced. It is believed here that the Kaiser hopes to paralyze and crush the Russians so that the Germans will be left free to deal with the French and British advance in the west when it begins.

The German losses have been colossal, Petrograd reports, but the losses have been replaced mainly by withdrawals from East Prussia. However, the *Bourse Gazette* estimates that 30 per cent. of the German forces which were in France and Belgium early in April are now on the eastern front. The newspaper expects, from the reports of the incessant stream of troop trains which are passing east and south through Cracow, that more are coming.

Zolkiew Bombarded.

The dangerous element to the Russians is the drive being made by the German left wing, which, after taking Rawa-Ruska, struck southeast along the line of the railway and at last reports was bombarding Zolkiew, about twelve miles north of Lemberg, with a good chance of taking the town within a few hours.

With Zolkiew in German hands there will be nothing to interfere with the German advance to Kulikow, where they can strike at the railroad line, which would enable them to proceed further to the east and attempt to cut the line which goes into Russia by way of Ibray.

The Times correspondent says to-night that now the routes from the west are within the zone of the fierce attack, the Russian position is becoming desperate. Lemberg has lost its importance as a railway junction capable of being utilized for the distribution of military supplies. The Russian retreatment from the Lemberg region will mean a serious reduction of the Russian position in favor of a less vulnerable line.

The Times correspondent says to-night that now the routes from the west are within the zone of the fierce attack, the Russian position is becoming desperate. Lemberg has lost its importance as a railway junction capable of being utilized for the distribution of military supplies. The Russian retreatment from the Lemberg region will mean a serious reduction of the Russian position in favor of a less vulnerable line.

The Times correspondent says to-night that now the routes from the west are within the zone of the fierce attack, the Russian position is becoming desperate. Lemberg has lost its importance as a railway junction capable of being utilized for the distribution of military supplies. The Russian retreatment from the Lemberg region will mean a serious reduction of the Russian position in favor of a less vulnerable line.

Kaiser to Celebrate.

Emperor William, who watched the battle at Beskid preceding the capture of Grodek, has established headquarters near the Grodek line and is expected to attend a great Te Deum, which it is planned to celebrate in Lemberg when the city is captured. The celebration is being made in German cities for a great celebration and holiday. The schools will be closed.

The Petrograd correspondent of the *Daily Mail* sends a despatch to-night telling of an official proclamation calling upon Russians to remain calm over the situation as the day of retreating comes. It is issued by the General Staff and is posted everywhere.

Despatches explain the situation fully and declare that gossip which goes beyond that is attributable to persons who are either timorous or ill disposed.

"The situation ought to become better every day," it says with regard to ammunition, and the number of men who can be called to the colors still reaches many millions.

"It may be some time before Russia assumes a vigorous offensive again," it adds, "but it is quite certain that it will be assumed with results that will be both crushing and durable. For ten months Russia has borne the chief burden and suffered the greatest losses of the allied cause and has greatly helped the situation in the west. The time will come when she will emerge from her misfortune stronger than ever. Moreover, she confidently looks for the faithful Allies to carry the war forward and gain the greatest victory."

The Petrograd correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says:

"As pressure is being continually maintained upon the Russians, according to the hypothesis current here, it is by no means improbable that before long the enemy will regain possession of Lemberg and even push the Poles back to their own frontier. Indeed the signs that for strategic reasons the Russian command will give up the contested territory rather than run any serious risks in its defense."

Life Savers Honor Mrs. Littleton.

MANHATTAN, L. I., June 21.—As a testimonial of her efforts in Washington to secure the passage of a bill to unite the life saving service with the navy, Mrs. Martin W. Littleton was presented yesterday at her home in Flushing with a gold necklace. Capt. Arthur Bonny of Bay Shore and Capt. Reinhardt, two veterans of the life saving service, made the presentation.

AMERICAN CITIZEN ADMITS HE POSED AS "DR. MEYER" TO SEE IF U. S. OFFICIALS COULD BE BRIBED TO SELL KRAG RIFLES

Facsimiles of Contracts Exposing Meyer-Gerhard Hoax
First a reproduction of war contract printed in a New York newspaper, which alleged to prove Dr. A. Meyer to be Dr. Meyer-Gerhard. Below is a copy of same contract written on the same typewriter in this city yesterday, the signature being written by a man now here who says he posed as Dr. Meyer in dealing with Mrs. Lewis, and signed the original contract.

For services rendered me and those I represent in securing the Purchase from the U. S. Government of approximately 343,000 Krag Joergensen Rifles and as many rounds of ammunition as constitute one rifle and 1,000 rounds per unit, I promise and agree to pay to Mrs. Selma Lewis six per cent (6%) as her commission on the total amount of purchase price paid to the U. S. Government and to Capt. a total of approximately \$17,826,000.00. This commission is to be paid in case of purchase of above goods through Capt. This commission must be paid at time of purchase and receipt of Bill of Sale from U. S. Government.

New York, March 8th, 1915

In presence of *Dr. A. Meyer* *Dr. Meyer-Gerhard*

Mrs. Selma Lewis and part of her contract with Dr. Alfred Meyer for the purchase of 350,000 Krag rifles held by the Federal government to keep them out of the hands of the Allies. Below the signature of Dr. Meyer is shown his registry at the Ritz Hotel as Dr. Meyer-Gerhard.

For services rendered me and those I represent in securing the Purchase from the U. S. Government of approximately 343,000 Krag Joergensen Rifles and as many rounds of ammunition as constitute one rifle and 1,000 rounds per unit, I promise and agree to pay to Mrs. Selma Lewis six per cent (6%) as her commission on the total amount of purchase price paid to the U. S. Government and to Capt. a total of approximately \$17,826,000.00. This commission is to be paid in case of purchase of above goods through Capt. This commission must be paid at time of purchase and receipt of Bill of Sale from U. S. Government.

New York, March 8th, 1915

In presence of *Dr. A. Meyer*

The above was written on same type writer as original contract which was signed by "Dr. A. Meyer."

FIRE DAMAGES NIXON GUNCOTTON PLANT

New Jersey Company Suffers
\$20,000 Loss—German
Rumors Afloat.

METUCHEN, N. J., June 21.—A fire which threatened to destroy Lewis Nixon's \$200,000 guncotton plant here to-night did approximately \$20,000 damage before it was got under control.

Five employees received burns, but were not seriously injured.

This was the second fire to occur in the drying room of the plant since the Nixon company began the manufacture of explosives for the Allies less than a month ago.

The Petrograd correspondent of the *Daily Mail* sends a despatch to-night to the effect that the fire was started by German and Austrian sympathizers. He said that the fire was caused by spontaneous combustion, in the opinion of those working in the drying room, but it was not denied that it was possible for enemies of the Allies to have started the blaze.

Germans working in the plant are under the constant surveillance of a force of private detectives. It was said that the fire was started by a German spy who was working in the plant.

LORD GRANARD GOES TO WAR.

Husband of Former Miss Mills
Decorated by King George.

LONDON, June 21.—The King to-day invested the Earl of Granard with the Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order on the occasion of the Earl's departure for the front with the Royal Irish.

Lord Granard, who, like his wife, formerly Beatrice Mills of New York, is a close friend of the royal family, retired to-day as Master of the Horse after having acted for eight years in that capacity. He has served with the navy and the army.

Life Savers Honor Mrs. Littleton.

MANHATTAN, L. I., June 21.—As a testimonial of her efforts in Washington to secure the passage of a bill to unite the life saving service with the navy, Mrs. Martin W. Littleton was presented yesterday at her home in Flushing with a gold necklace. Capt. Arthur Bonny of Bay Shore and Capt. Reinhardt, two veterans of the life saving service, made the presentation.

GERMAN PAPER SEIZED FOR U. S. NOTE VIEWS

Kaiser's Officials Refuse to Al-
low Count von Reventlow's
Writings to Appear.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN.
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
BERLIN, via London, June 21.—The *Tagesspiegel* was suppressed this afternoon because of an article written by Count von Reventlow in to-day's issue dealing with the American note.

The suppression is taken as evidence of the Government's intention not to permit irresponsible persons to endanger the negotiations between Germany and America.

LONDON, June 21.—Parts of the foregoing despatch have been suppressed by the British censor.

BERLIN, June 21.—The form and substance of the German reply to the American note are now under consideration by the Foreign Office officials, and it is expected that the first draft of the note will be completed at the end of this week. It will then be sent to Emperor William at headquarters, so it is unlikely that the note will be prepared for transmission until the end of next week.

There is so far no hint regarding the substance of the note. It is presumable from the emphasis that naval writers continue to lay on Great Britain's practice of flying neutral flags and the consequent impossibility for submarines under these circumstances to observe the regulations of visitation and search that this argument will be an important part of the note.

It seems more probable that this matter will be made a subordinate part of the note and that genuine effort will be made to give a direct reply to President Wilson's request.

SAYS SWEDEN NEEDN'T FEAR.

Russian Paper Declares the Car
Seeks Southern Outlet Only.

PETERSBURG, June 21.—There is so much undercurrent in the attitude of Sweden towards Russia in the war that many of the newspapers carry editorials comment upon it. The *Bourse Gazette* asks wherein Sweden can discern any real ground for conflict with Russia and repudiates the suggestion that Russia is seeking a northern outlet to the ocean.

She seeks, the newspaper declares, only a free exit through the Dardanelles and all Europe recognizes that she is entitled to that. "When Russia obtains a free exit through the Dardanelles," the newspaper concludes.

POPE BLAMES BOTH SIDES FOR CRUELITIES

Accuses Germans of Atrocities
but Considers British
Blockade Inhumane.

PARIS, June 21.—*La Liberte*, an evening newspaper, publishes what purports to be an interview with Pope Benedict by one of its correspondents, in which the Pope is quoted as saying that both sides in the war have been guilty of atrocities. He spoke of the sinking of the Lusitania with horror, but declared also that the food blockade of Austria and Germany is not dictated by humane sentiment.

The correspondent spoke of the "salience of the Pope" on the crimes of the war as being regarded as strange by France. The Pope replied that he was a person with that idea was unfounded. He had worked for peace and endeavored to bring about a Christmas truce and an exchange of prisoners. Of the Lusitania disaster he said:

"I do not know of a more frightful misdeed, but do you believe the blockade which is thrown about Germany and Austria, condemning millions of innocents to famine, was really inspired by humane sentiments?"

When other atrocities were mentioned the Pope said:

"The Austrian Bishop assures me that Russian troops also took Catholic hostages and that once they used 1,500 Jews as a living barrier. 'Choosing them to build the Tirois-Bulgarian negotiations are at a deadlock now, waiting for German intervention."

The Bulgarian Minister has left Constantinople, and it is reported that the Turkish Minister is about to leave Sofia, as complications are feared.

GERMAN INTERCESSION FAILS.

Turco-Bulgarian Negotiations Re-
ported to Be at a Deadlock.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, June 21.—The *Daily Mail* comments on the Sofia telegrams that the Turco-Bulgarian negotiations are at a deadlock now, waiting for German intervention.

The Bulgarian Minister has left Constantinople, and it is reported that the Turkish Minister is about to leave Sofia, as complications are feared.

Taunted by Friend, He
Dickered With Mrs. Selma
Lewis for Weeks.

PICKED OUT TITLE
SIMPLY AT RANDOM

Declares He Never Tried to
Represent Himself as
Dr. Meyer-Gerhard.

READY TO DISCLOSE
NAME WHEN ASKED

Millions Involved—Nearly
Half Was to Go to Men
Behind Scenes.

THE SUN told yesterday how the efforts of foreign governments to gain possession of the 355,000 Krag-Joergensen rifles condemned by the United States, but still unsold, had led to the offer of a \$1,200,000 campaign contribution to President Wilson, which was indignantly refused.

THE SUN's disclosures were commented in Washington yesterday.

But of all the strange tales told about the machinations of commissioners and agents, seeking to make a fortune quickly by the purchase of these guns from the Government and their resale to a belligerent, none is more dramatic and absorbing than the story, substantiated by letters and documents, which THE SUN prints this morning.

It will be recalled that Count von Bernstorff's good faith as Ambassador to this country was assailed last week in a news article charging that Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhard, German Red Cross lecturer, who sailed for Germany under the protection of the United States as Count von Bernstorff's messenger to his Government, was really Dr. Meyer, a German army officer. It was further asserted that the Ambassador had knowingly tricked President Wilson into giving safe conveyance to a man who had been buying arms and ammunition in this country and studying America's preparedness for war.

THE SUN presents this morning a story of a United States citizen which sheds light on what the real facts were that led to the publication of so mistaken a tale concerning the identity of Dr. Meyer and Dr. Meyer-Gerhard. This man, who supports the attitude on the matter taken by the State Department, declares that it was he who posed deliberately as Dr. Meyer, Privy Councillor of the First Rank and Chief of the Department of Supplies of the Imperial German Ministry of War.

Patriotism to U. S. His Motive.

The pseudo Dr. Meyer says that he was actuated by patriotic motives as an American citizen in posing as "his Excellency Dr. Meyer," donning the conventional high hat and frock coat and engaging in various conferences with Mrs. Selma Lewis, who has figured in the prints lately. He says that he sought evidence, which he believed existed, that certain United States officials were ready to accept graft for the use of their influence to get the release of the 355,000 rifles which President Wilson has interned until the end of the European war. He admits that he cannot substantiate these suppositions, though at first he believed them to be true.

While this man has talked freely to representatives of THE SUN, he has asked that for the present his name be withheld. THE SUN is in a position to say, however, that the man is ready to come forward at any time legal necessity or the Federal authorities require it. THE SUN is able to state further that he has been in business in New York for ten years and that by application to duty he has advanced steadily in his profession.

The story is remarkable because it reveals a series of mysterious conferences such as have characterized many incidents in connection with the